



William Blair 41st Annual Growth Stock Conference June 2, 2021

Safe Harbor Statement



This document contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than statements of historical fact are "forward-looking statements" for purposes of federal and state securities laws, including: projections of earnings, cash flows, revenue or other financial items; statement of the plans, strategies and objectives of management for future operations; statements concerning proposed new services or developments; statements regarding future economic or market conditions or performance; future growth rates in the markets we serve; statements regarding future raw materials costs or supply; statements of belief; and statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. Forward-looking statements may include the words "may," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "continue," "believe," "expect," "anticipate" or other comparable terminology, or the negative of such terms. Although RBC believes that the expectations and assumptions reflected in any forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results could differ materially from those projected or assumed in any of our forward-looking statements. Our future financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows, as well as any forward-looking statements, are subject to change and to inherent risks and uncertainties beyond our control. These risks and uncertainties include those identified under the heading "Risk Factors" contained in our annual reports on Form 10-K filed with the SEC. RBC does not intend, and undertakes no obligation, to update or alter any forward-looking statement.



RBC Bearings Overview

RBC Bearings Incorporated Overview



Leading international manufacturer of highly-engineered, custom configuration, performance-critical bearings and components

RBC Bearings Fast Facts

- NASDAQ: ROLL (IPO August 2005)
- Founded 1919
- Based in Oxford, CT
- 2,990 employees worldwide
- 43 facilities, of which 31 are manufacturing worldwide
- Proprietary product designs for diverse markets
- Sales, 26-Year 8% CAGR Growth Rate, 10% prepandemic year
- FY2021 sales \$609 million, 38.9% adjusted gross margin









Core End Markets Served



Industrial



KOMATSU







IATIONAL OILWELL VARCO









JOYGLOBAL

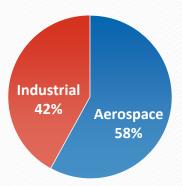






GENERAL DYNAMICS Electric Boat

PERCENT OF SALES FOR FISCAL 2021 OF \$609.0 MILLION



Aerospace

























CKHEED MARTIN









Rolls-Royce



Lufthansa Technik

American Airlines





Precision Airframe Bearings and Components



- Servicing Boeing, Airbus, Embraer, Bombardier and most all major aircraft builders
- Working with hundreds of vendors supporting the aircraft builders worldwide



Precision Engine Bearings and Components



- Principle Products for:
 - Commercial and defense engines and turbines
 - All major engine producers
- Principle Applications:
 - Main Bearing Oil Seals
 - Fluid Transfer Tube Seals
 - Bleed Air Manifolds
 - Gearbox Bushings
 - Bellcrank Assemblies
 - Decoupler Bearings
 - Ducting Systems
 - Afterburner Nozzle Actuation
 - Crankshaft Support
 - Engine Mounts









Precision Aerospace Defense Applications



Principal Products For:

Fighter Jets Satellites

Helicopters Guided Weaponry

Engines Vision Systems

Missile Systems Optical Systems

- Technically sophisticated bearing and component products for demanding mission-critical applications
- Long expensive development cycle
- Multiple approvals needed





Precision Aerospace Defense Applications











Ultra-













Bearing

Precision Industrial Defense Applications



Virginia Class and Columbia Class Nuclear Submarines

Technology leader

- Valve technology: Supplier on many submarine hydraulic valves
 - Selected supplier on the current Virginia Class, and new Virginia Payload Module, and Columbia Class (Ohio Replacement Program) submarines
- Leader in locking actuators, utilizing tog-lock, dog lock and ramp lock mechanisms
- Self Lubricating Bearings: Only supplier that passed qualification and was selected for new bearing specification for U.S. nuclear submarines

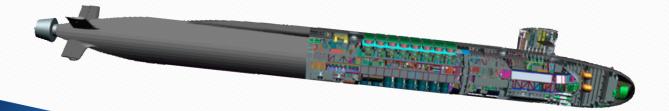
Los Angeles Class

Seawolf Class

Ohio Class

Virginia Class

Columbia Class



Precision Industrial Defense Applications









FMTV A2 Bradley HIMARS









JLTV M88 M109A7 Paladin MRAP



M1A1 Abrams

Precision Industrial OEM Applications



Diverse industrial end markets with varying levels of cyclicality

- Applications:
 - Construction
 - Mining
 - High Speed Rail
 - Low Speed Rail
 - Semiconductor Manufacture
 - Material Handling
 - Oil & Gas Development
 - Hydraulic Equipment
 - Auto and Truck Drive Train Bearings
- Industrial customers require specialized products with diverse uses
- Service, quality, and innovation allows for greater access to aftermarket













Precision Industrial Distribution Applications



Applications:

- Food Processing
- Bottling
- Material Handling
- Packaging
- Refuse & Recycling
- Metal Working
- Roads/Bridges Infrastructure
- Oil & Gas
- Mining
- Consumable Machine Tools
- Distribution model important market driver

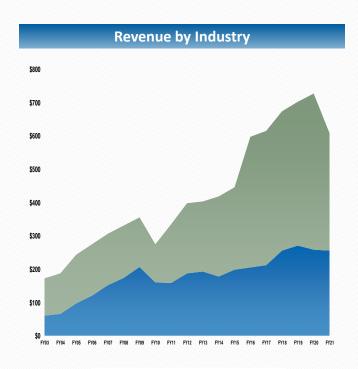


Stable Recurring Revenue Base - "The Franchise"



Long-term customer relationships and frequent replacement cycles ensure a steady stream of recurring revenue

- Extensive installed base of proprietary products with recurring aftermarket sales
 - Aftermarket sales represent approximately 35% of revenues by design
- Strong, long-term customer relationships
 - Long-term contractual agreements provide stability and predictability of revenue
 - Approximately 65% of FY 2021 revenue under long-term contracts
 - Satisfied customers high awards for ontime delivery and quality
- Backlog of \$394.8 million as of March 2021 vs \$478.6 million last year
- Total customer reach over 20,000 accounts
- Strong direct international sales force technical and qualified – "feet on the street"

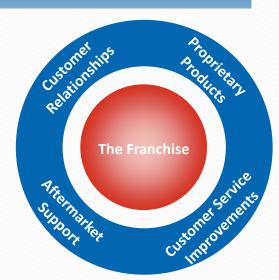


Significant Barriers to Entry – "The Moat"



Positioning RBC Bearings in markets with sustainable growth where opportunities for profitable expansion and defensible franchises exist

- Strong customer relationships; long-term contracts
- Highly-specialized products require:
 - High service levels Boeing Gold/Silver, Airbus, Embraer, Lockheed Martin, Caterpillar, Komatsu
 - Extensive technical support
 - Short lead times
 - Small production runs
- Product development life cycle of 3-10 years
- High switching costs
 - Stringent and lengthy certification process for many OEM,
 FAA, and defense market products
- Approximately 60% of net sales from sole/single-source or proprietary products requiring lengthy and difficult approval process
- Strategic inventory management to better respond and support both OEM and distributor demand





Strategy

Strategic Growth Objectives



Go-to-Market Strategy OEM:

- Build large pipeline of important new platforms
- Prioritize programs with substantial economic scale for example:

| Aerospace | Defense | Industrial | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Boeing 787, 777X, 797 | Military Jets (JSF) | Distribution | | | |
| Boeing 737MAX | Missile Systems | Construction and Min | | | |
| Airbus A350, A320 NEO | Optical Systems | Pumps and Hydraulics | | | |
| Engines | Military Vehicles | Semi Conductor | | | |
| SNECMA | Helicopter (expanded content) | Rail – High Speed/Lov | | | |
| Embraer | Marine (Next Gen) | Material Handling | | | |
| Bombardier | Drones | Energy | | | |

ion and Mining Aftermarket d Hydraulics

n Speed/Low Speed Handling

Energy

Develop new products for existing platforms—solve the problem

Space

- Is it economics?
- Is it technical performance?
- Is it service?
- Increase aftermarket penetration of existing offerings
- Continue search for acquisition opportunities in both industrial and aerospace

RBC Bearings has opportunities to increase penetration within new and existing markets

Space

Continuous Improvement



- Highly coordinated plants
- Frequent and ongoing review of cost structure to assess profitability of product line by facility—monthly process reviews
 - Re-budget monthly
 - Strong cash flow allows for capital to be allocated to improve operations as needed

"Financial Architecture of Product Economics"

Raw Materials
Equipment

Manufacturing Facility

Gross Margin Target

An ongoing commitment to process engineering excellence allows us to manufacture cost effectively many proprietary products that other providers find challenging

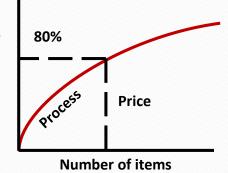
Gross Margin Optimization



- Gross margin expansion of 1020 bps Fiscal 2005 through Fiscal 2021
- The process mechanics:
 - Long-term agreements are the highway to profitability
 - Protect yourself, understand your position, slow and steady wins the race
 - Process improvement based on the "Pareto Principle"
 - Prioritize the highest ranking items (revenue) with the lowest margins (80%/20% principle)
 - Redesign process methods and overheads to achieve margin target

· Price challenge the lower ranked items

Revenue



"It's just that simple!"

We have established a proven strategy for sustained margin improvement of the business

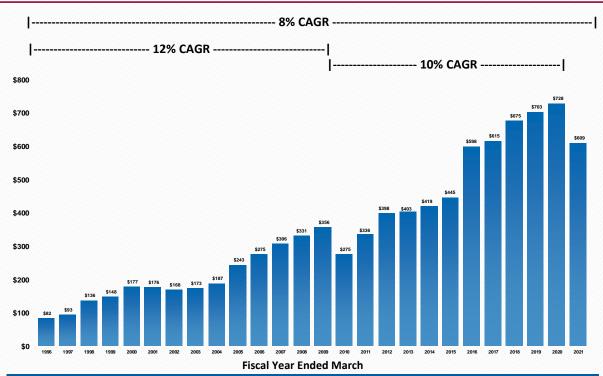


Financial Overview

A Track Record of Growth



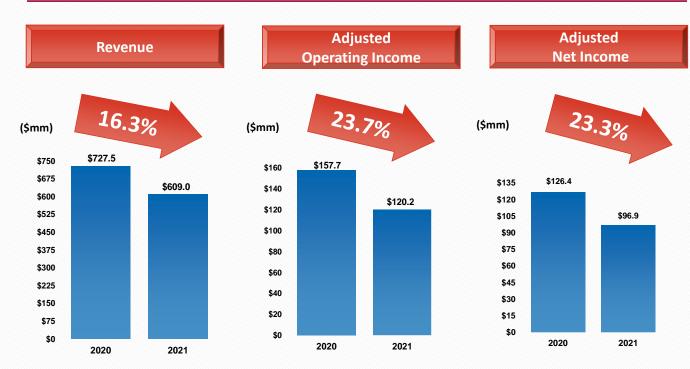




RBC Bearings has demonstrated its ability to grow the business at a 8% CAGR over the last 26 years, 10% pre-pandemic year

Results for Fiscal 2021





Recent performance has been on track with our internal goals and expectations

(1) Refer to page 29 for Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted Net Income reconciliation.

Gross Margin & Operating Margin Momentum





- (1) Gross Margin equals Reported Gross Margin adjusted for Acquisition Inventory Adjustment, Restructuring and Consolidation
- (2) EBITDA equals Adjusted Operating Income plus Depreciation, Amortization and Share-Based Stock Compensation. Refer to page 29 for Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted Gross Margin and Adjusted Net Income

RBC Cash Flow Conversion



| \$ in millions | F | Y2021 | F | Y2020 | F | Y2019 | _F\ | /2018 | F | /2017 |
|--|----|--------|----|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|----|--------|
| Cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 152.4 | \$ | 155.6 | \$ | 108.5 | \$ | 130.3 | \$ | 101.2 |
| Capital expenditures | | 11.8 | | 37.3 | | 41.3 | | 28.0 | | 20.9 |
| Free cash flow | | 140.6 | | 118.3 | | 67.2 | | 102.3 | | 80.3 |
| Adjusted net income (1) | \$ | 96.9 | \$ | 126.4 | \$ | 119.7 | \$ | 94.3 | \$ | 75.4 |
| Cash flow conversion | | 145.1% | | 93.6% | | 56.1% | 1 | 108.5% | 1 | 106.5% |
| Capital expenditures as a % of net sales | | 1.9% | | 5.1% | | 5.9% | | 4.1% | | 3.4% |

⁽¹⁾ Refer to page 29 for Adjusted Net Income reconciliation.

RBC Balance Sheet



| \$ in millions | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|--|--|
| | FY2021 | | FY2020 | | FY2019 | | FY2018 | | FY2017 | | |
| Cash and marketable securities | \$ 241.3 | \$ | 103.3 | \$ | 29.9 | \$ | 54.2 | \$ | 38.9 | | |
| Other current assets | 486.9 | | 508.7 | | 473.4 | | 429.5 | | 409.1 | | |
| | 728.2 | | 612.0 | | 503.3 | | 483.7 | | 448.0 | | |
| Long-term assets | 706.1 | | 709.9 | | 644.1 | | 659.1 | | 660.8 | | |
| Total Assets | \$ 1,434.3 | \$ | 1,321.9 | \$ | 1,147.4 | \$ | 1,142.8 | \$ | 1,108.8 | | |
| Current liabilities | \$ 88.2 | \$ | 103.8 | \$ | 90.1 | \$ | 105.2 | \$ | 93.1 | | |
| Long-term debt | 13.5 | | 16.6 | | 43.2 | | 154.1 | | 255.6 | | |
| Other long-term liabilities | 102.6 | | 83.5 | | 45.5 | | 48.9 | | 43.1 | | |
| Total Liabilities | 204.3 | | 203.9 | | 178.8 | | 308.2 | | 391.8 | | |
| Stockholders' Equity | 1,230.0 | | 1,118.0 | | 968.6 | | 834.6 | | 717.0 | | |
| Total Liabilities and Equity | \$ 1,434.3 | \$ | 1,321.9 | \$ | 1,147.4 | \$ | 1,142.8 | \$ | 1,108.8 | | |
| Cash and marketable securities | \$ 241.3 | \$ | 103.3 | \$ | 29.9 | \$ | 54.2 | \$ | 38.9 | | |
| Debt | \$ 16.1 | \$ | 23.0 | \$ | 43.6 | \$ | 173.3 | \$ | 269.8 | | |
| Net debt (1)/capital | n/a | | n/a | | 1.4% | | 12.5% | | 24.4% | | |
| ROI (2) | 9.7% | | 12.4% | | 12.8% | | 10.5% | | 8.6% | | |

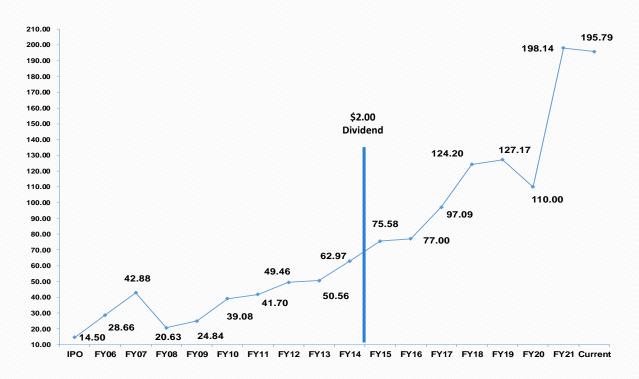
We have demonstrated prudent capital management with a strong historical ROI and free cash flow

- (1) Net Debt = Total debt minus cash and marketable securities
- (2) ROI = Tax affected adjusted operating income/total capitalization

Track Record of Solid Shareholder Return



Closing Price per Share (\$)



Fiscal Years

IPO – August 2005



Appendix

Non-GAAP Financial Measures



In addition to disclosing results of operations that are determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), this document also discloses non-GAAP results of operations that exclude certain charges. These non-GAAP measures adjust for charges that Management believes are unusual. Management believes that the presentation of these non-GAAP measures provides useful information to investors regarding the Company's results of operations, as these non-GAAP measures allow investors to better evaluate ongoing business performance. Investors should consider non-GAAP measures in addition to, not as a substitute for, financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. Reconciliations of the non-GAAP measures disclosed in this document with the most comparable GAAP measures are included in this Appendix and can be found on the Company's website at www.rbcbearings.com.

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Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures



| | FY 2021 | FY 2020 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Reconciliation of Gross Margin | | |
| to Adjusted Gross Margin: | | |
| Reported gross margin | \$234,106 | \$289,103 |
| Inventory purchase accounting adjustment | - | 368 |
| Restructuring and consolidation | 3,071 | - |
| Adjusted gross margin | \$237,177 | \$289,471 |
| Reconciliation of Reported Operating | | |
| Income to Adjusted Operating Income: | | |
| Reported operating income | \$111,458 | \$156,785 |
| Inventory purchase accounting adjustment | - | 368 |
| Net gain on sale of Houston building | - | (1,440) |
| Acquisition costs | - | 901 |
| Cyber event | 1,507 | - |
| Restructuring and consolidation | 7,247 | 1,036 |
| Adjusted operating income | \$120,212 | \$157,650 |
| Reconciliation of Reported Net Income | | |
| to Adjusted Net Income: | | |
| Reported net income | \$89,633 | \$126,036 |
| Inventory purchase accounting adjustment (1) | - | 303 |
| Net gain on sale of Houston building (1) | _ | (1,132) |
| Acquisition costs (1) | - | 769 |
| Cyber event (1) | 1,269 | - |
| Restructuring and consolidation (1) | 5,848 | 827 |
| Foreign exchange translation loss (gain) (1) | 187 | 738 |
| Discrete and other tax items credit (benefit) | (49) | (1,143) |
| Adjusted net income | \$96,888 | \$126,398 |